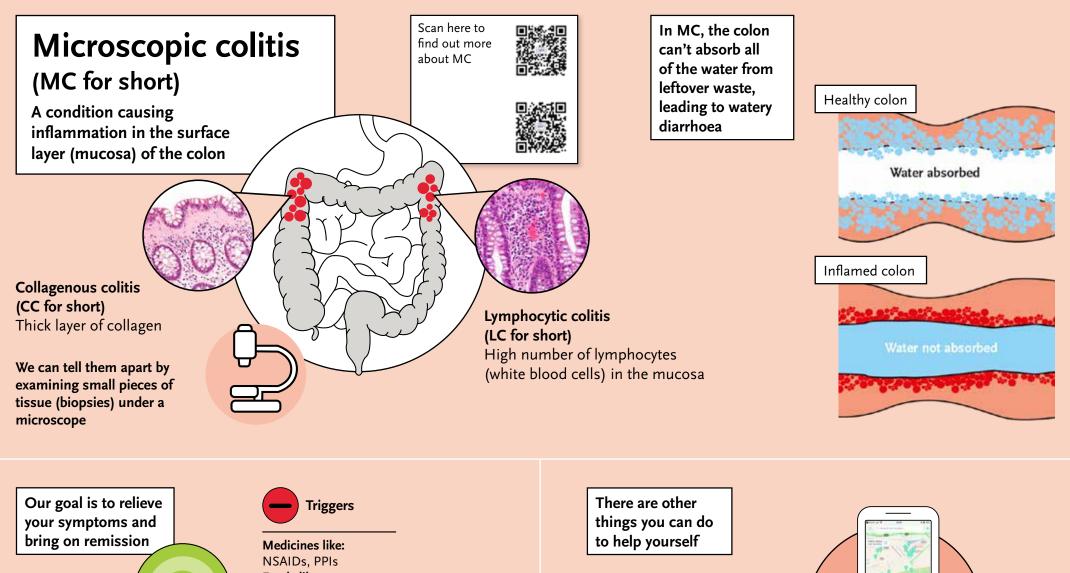
Microscopic colitis explained (MC for short)





We want to keep it Relapse HERE Remission

Foods like: dairy, gluten, sweeteners



Anti-diarrhoeals Bile salt binders **Topical steroids** (e.g. budesonide)



Drink lots of water

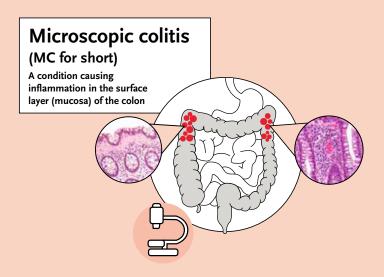


Don't smoke



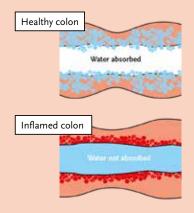
Keep active

Talk things through



- MC is a type of inflammatory bowel disease with two main types: CC and LC¹
- In CC, there's a build-up of collagen in the lining of your gut (collagen is a threadlike protein that gives structure to your skin, bones and other body parts)^{2,3}
- In LC, there's a high number of lymphocytes in the lining of your gut (lymphocytes are a type of white blood cell that protects your body against disease)²
- We can tell them apart by looking at biopsies (small pieces of tissue taken during an endoscopy) under a microscope in the lab¹

In MC, the colon can't absorb all of the water from leftover waste, leading to watery diarrhoea



- Watery diarrhoea is the main symptom of MC, but we don't fully understand what causes it⁴
- The colon's main role is to absorb leftover water from the food you eat⁵
- When the colon is inflamed, it becomes less efficient at absorbing liquid from the waste, leading to watery stools⁶



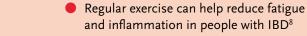
- Inflammation can go up and down, with periods of remission (when you feel well) and relapses (when you get symptoms)¹
- The first step to getting you into remission is taking away anything that might be triggering your MC⁴
 - NSAIDs (like aspirin and ibuprofen), PPIs (like omeprazole) and foods like dairy and sweeteners are common triggers⁴
- Most people will also need treatment that's tailored to their condition, like anti-diarrhoeals to control symptoms or steroids (like budesonide) to suppress the inflammation in your gut⁷

There are other things you can do to help yourself



Don't smoke Drink lots of water





 Drink plenty of liquids to avoid dehydration when you have diarrhoea^{3.9}

Smoking can make it harder to get MC

into remission, so it's best to avoid it7

 It's a good idea to talk things through - you can find lots of support through Crohn's & Colitis UK

Talk things through

References

Microscopic colitis (MC)

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- Johns Hopkins Medicines. Collagenous & Lymphocytic Colitis: Introduction. Johns Hopkins University.
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Abbreviations

CC: collagenous colitis IBD: inflammatory bowel disease LC: lymphocytic colitis MC: microscopic colitis NSAID: non-steroidal anti-inflammatory drug PPI: proton pump inhibitor

Useful links:

www.drfalk.co.uk www.crohnsandcolitis.org.uk

Adverse events should be reported. Reporting forms and information in Ireland can be found at <u>www.hpra.ie</u> and in the UK at <u>www.mhra.gov.uk/yellowcard</u> or search for MHRA Yellow Card in the Google Play or Apple App Store. Adverse events should also be reported to Dr Falk Pharma UK Ltd. at PV@drfalkpharma.co.uk

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